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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 ThereunderREPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/07 AND ENDING 12/31/07
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: TLG Lenox, LLC

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

3384 Peachtree Road, Suite 300

(No. and Street)

Atlanta

Georgia

30326

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

James M. Fite, Jr.

(404) 419-1663

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Windham Brannon, P.C.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1355 Peachtree Street, NE, Suite 200

Atlanta

Georgia

30309

(Address)

(City)

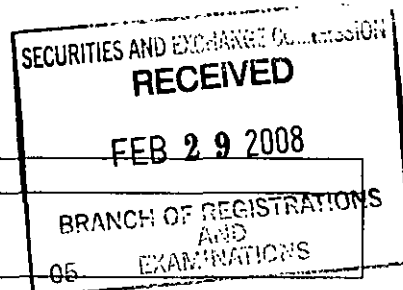
(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

☒ Certified Public Accountant☐ Public Accountant☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

MAR 21 2008

THOMSON
FINANCIAL

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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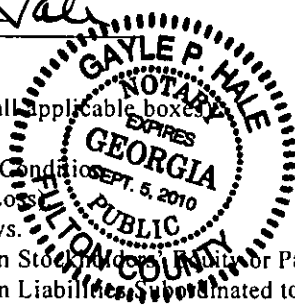
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, James M. Fite, Jr., swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of TLG Lenox, LLC, as of December 31, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

James M. Fite
Signature

2.28.09
Title

Gayle P. Hale
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes)

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☒ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☒ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☒ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☒ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

****For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).**

TLG LENOX, LLC

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH SUPPLEMENTARY DATA
December 31, 2007**

TLG LENOX, LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

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W I N D H A M B R A N N O N

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To TLG Lenox, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of **TLG Lenox, LLC** (the "Company") as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income and changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of TLG Lenox, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Windham Brannon P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

February 25, 2008

TLG LENOX, LLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2007

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 298,193
Retainer fees receivable	<u>10,000</u>

Total Current Assets	308,193
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OTHER ASSETS:

Prepaid expenses	<u>23,904</u>
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Total Assets	<u>\$ 332,097</u>
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LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES:

Accounts payable	\$ 150
Accrued expenses	1,812
Due to Parent	<u>74,903</u>

Total Current Liabilities	<u>76,865</u>
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MEMBER'S EQUITY:

Member's capital	(392,487)
Retained earnings	<u>647,719</u>

Total Member's Equity	<u>255,232</u>
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Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	<u>\$ 332,097</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TLG LENOX, LLC

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY
For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

REVENUE:

Transaction advisory and retainer fees	\$ 165,000
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Total Revenue	<u>165,000</u>
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OPERATING EXPENSE:

Salary and benefits expense	307,360
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Occupancy expense	37,104
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General and administrative	16,650
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Professional fees	13,300
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Licenses and registration	12,502
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Insurance	18,836
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Quotations and research	<u>1,358</u>
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Total Operating Expense	<u>407,110</u>
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Operating Loss	(242,110)
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OTHER INCOME:

Interest income	12,237
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Other Income	<u>34,631</u>
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NET LOSS	<u>(195,242)</u>
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MEMBER'S EQUITY, beginning balance as previously reported	576,474
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Distributions to member	<u>(126,000)</u>
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MEMBER'S EQUITY, ending balance	<u>\$ 255,232</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

TLG LENOX, LLC

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net loss	\$ (195,242)
Adjustment to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Changes in:	
Retainer fees receivable	(10,000)
Prepaid expenses	(2,463)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>(1,208)</u>

Net Cash Used In Operating Activities (208,913)

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Distributions to member	(126,000)
Due to Parent	<u>70,351</u>

Net Cash Used In Financing Activities (55,649)

NET DECREASE IN CASH (264,562)

CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR 562,755

CASH, END OF YEAR \$ 298,193

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES

INTEREST AND INCOME TAXES PAID \$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

TLG LENOX, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

TLG Lenox, LLC (the "Company") was formed in 2004 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Lenox Capital Partners, LLC (the "Parent"), and an affiliate of The Lenox Group, LLC ("Lenox Group"), a middle market investment bank specializing in merger and acquisition advisory and capital raising transactions. The Company was formed for the purpose of providing merger and acquisition, financial and capital advisory services to the clients and industries served by Lenox Group. The Company's registration as a broker-dealer became effective in 2004.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash represents withdrawable deposits in a bank located in Georgia. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents consist of bank certificates of deposit.

Revenue Recognition

Transaction fee revenue is recognized when services have been performed by the Company as evidenced by formal acceptance and signing of the closing documents for a transaction or the funding of a financing. Retainer and advisory fees are recognized over the term of the contract. In 2007, substantially all revenues were derived from five clients.

Expense Sharing

The Company has an expense sharing arrangement with the Parent whereby the Company will share certain administrative costs incurred by the Parent. Amounts paid by the Company in accordance with this arrangement were approximately \$408,000 in 2007, with an unpaid balance of \$74,903 at year-end.

The amount payable to Lenox Capital Partners at December 31, 2007 relates to December expenses paid by Lenox Capital Partners that will be reimbursed by the Company.

TLG LENOX, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

Income Taxes

The Company is a limited liability company and, as such, its earnings flow through directly to the member. Differences existing in the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities relate primarily to differences in revenue recognition policies for financial reporting and income tax purposes.

2. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (as these terms are defined in the Rule) shall not exceed 15 to one. Net capital and the net capital ratio fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2007, the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .35 to one, and net capital was \$221,328 which was \$216,328 more than required.



W I N D H A M B R A N N O N

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

To TLG Lenox, LLC

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The computation of net capital, reconciliation of member's equity, reconciliation of net capital, computation of aggregate indebtedness, and computation for determination of reserve requirements at December 31, 2007, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Windham Brannon P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

February 25, 2008

TLG LENOX, LLC

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

December 31, 2007

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Member's equity, December 31, 2007	\$ 255,232
Less non-allowable assets	<u>(33,904)</u>
Net Capital	<u>\$ 221,328</u>

RECONCILIATION OF MEMBER'S EQUITY

Member's equity, Form 17A-5, Part IIA	\$ 255,232
Audited financial statement adjustments to non-allowable assets	<u>-</u>
Member's Equity per Audited Financial Statements	<u>\$ 255,232</u>

RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL

Net capital, Form 17A-5, Part IIA	\$ 221,328
Audited financial statement adjustment to non-allowable assets	<u>-</u>
Net Capital Per Audited Financial Statements	<u>\$ 221,328</u>

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS
AS DEFINED UNDER RULE 15c3-1

Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ <u>76,865</u>
Total Aggregate Indebtedness	<u>\$ 76,865</u>
Ratio of Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	<u>.35 to 1</u>

TLG LENOX, LLC

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

December 31, 2007

**COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3 AND INFORMATION RELATING TO THE
POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3**

The provisions of the aforementioned rule are not applicable to TLG Lenox, LLC as the Company carries no margin accounts, does not hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers. TLG Lenox, LLC is therefore exempt under the provisions of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).



W I N D H A M B R A N N O N

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To TLG Lenox, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary data of **TLG Lenox, LLC** (the "Company"), for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Company, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Windham Brannon P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

February 25, 2008

END